



MORS
Military Operations Research Society
**CONTRACTOR
DISCLOSURE FORM**

712A

MORS P#: (if known)

DEADLINE: 2 MAY 08
Fax to: 703-933-9066

PART I

Author Request - The following author(s) request authority to disclose the following presentation at the next MORS Symposium with subsequent publication in the MORSS Final Report, for inclusion on the MORSS CD and/or posting on the MORS web site.

Principal Author:

Thaddeus Konicki

Other Author(s):

Janet Wedgwood, Zach Horiatis, John Welsh

Principal Author's Organization and address:

Lockheed Martin Advanced Technology Laboratories
3 Executive Campus, 6th Floor
Cherry Hill, NJ 08002

Phone: (856) 792-9877

Fax: (856) 792-9930

Principal Author's

Signature and date: **X** *Thaddeus Konicki*

Email: tkonicki@atl.lmco.com

Title of Presentation:

Automating Forecasting and Exploration of Complex Simulation Effects

This presentation is believed to be: ☐ SECRET ☐ CONFIDENTIAL ☒ UNCLASSIFIED and will be presented in:

☐ Special Session ☐ Tutorial ☐ Demo ☐ CG: A-B-C-D-E-F (Circle one) ☒ List all WG(s) #: 32

This work was performed in connection with a government contract.

This presentation is based on material developed by the author as part of company-approved research e.g. IR&D.

This presentation was NOT done under a government contract, contains no government information, is my own work and is approved for public release.

☐ YES (Complete Parts I, II, & III)

☒ YES (Complete Parts I & III)

☐ YES (Complete Part I only)

PART II

Contractor Security Officer Endorsement - The Contractor Security Officer concurs in the assigned classification and consents to the disclosure. A copy of the presentation, as made, will be provided to the Contracting Officer for approval.

This work was performed in connection with Contract #:

let by (Activity):

Dated:

Contractor Security Officers Title:

Organization:

Printed name:

Complete mailing address:

X

Contractor Security Officer's Signature: **X** Date:

Phone:

FAX:

PART III

Releasing Official/GOV'T Contracting Officer OR Study Sponsor and DoD Directive 5230.24 -
Required Applicable Distribution Statement

The Releasing Official/Government Contracting Officer or Study Sponsor, with the understanding that MORS Symposia are supervised by the OCNO N81, that all attendees have current security clearances of at least SECRET and that no foreign nationals will be present confirms that the overall classification of the presentation is:

☐ SECRET ☐ CONFIDENTIAL ☒ UNCLASSIFIED ☐ OTHER: and authorizes disclosure at the meeting.

Classified by:

Declassified by:

Downgrade to:

On:



Distribution statement A:

This presentation/paper is unclassified, approved for public release, distribution unlimited, and is exempt from U.S. export licensing and other export approvals under the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (22 CFR 120 et seq.)



Other distribution statement: (List here or attach separate sheet)

Releasing Official/Gov't Contracting Officer or Study Sponsor's:

Title: Director Business Operations

Name: Otto Wilbert

Signature: **X** *Otto A. Wilbert*

Date: May 1, 2008

Email: owilbert@atl.lmco.com

Organization: Lockheed Martin Advanced Technology Laboratories

Complete mailing address:
Lockheed Martin Advanced Technology Laboratories
3 Executive Campus, 6th Floor
Cherry Hill, NJ 08002

Phone: (845) 792-9830

FAX: (845) 792-9910

Report Documentation Page				Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188	
Public reporting burden for the collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to a penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.					
1. REPORT DATE 01 JUN 2008		2. REPORT TYPE N/A		3. DATES COVERED -	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Automating Forecasting and Exploration of Complex Simulation Effects (AFECSE)				5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
				5b. GRANT NUMBER	
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
				5e. TASK NUMBER	
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Lockheed Martin Advanced Technology Laboratories 3 Executive Campus. Cherry Hill, NJ 08002				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release, distribution unlimited					
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES See also ADM202527. Military Operations Research Society Symposium (76th) Held in New London, Connecticut on June 10-12, 2008, The original document contains color images.					
14. ABSTRACT					
15. SUBJECT TERMS					
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT UU	18. NUMBER OF PAGES 27	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified			

Automating Forecasting and Exploration of Complex Simulation Effects (AFECSE)

June 10-12, 2008



**Thaddeus Konicki,
Janet Wedgwood, Zach Horiatis,
and John Welsh
Advanced Technology Laboratories**

Introduction



- **Problem / Challenge**

- Military planners are moving to Effects-Based Operations (EBO) to achieve desired effects through a combination of diplomatic, informational, military, and economic (DIME) actions
- Modeling and simulation can be used to determine the probable desirable and undesirable effects of DIME actions, while developing a better understanding of second- and third-order effects
- Currently, modeling and simulation environments for EBO are difficult and costly to develop and maintain



Discussion: Today's Modeling Approaches

- **Most modeling approaches focus on studying a problem in a specific domain that**
 - Enable us to explore the intricacies of the subject domains
 - Ignore cross-domain dependencies and dynamics
 - Are typically based on a single modeling paradigm (discrete event, continuous time, or agent-based, etc.)
- **Attempts to create models that try to incorporate all aspects in a single model have not been widely accepted**

Discussion: Benefits of Multi-Paradigm Modeling



- **Most models are based on a single modeling paradigm (discrete event, continuous time, or agent-based, etc.)**
- **People who develop domain and paradigm specific models generally choose the best approach to solve the particular problem in their domain**
- **A single modeling paradigm may not be able to efficiently handle and represent all aspects of a complex realistic problem**

Goal



- **Enable analysts to easily exploit the power of Modeling and Simulation for exploring Effects-Based Operations through automation of scenario development, model instantiation, integration and initialization and Course of Action (COA) development**

Approach



- **Automate the instantiation of a scenario**
 - Represent the platform-independent description of an integrated model set in such a way that an autocoding tool/wizard can generate the simulation platform specific model integration code
 - » Apply ontologies and a system modeling language to capture the relationships between the entities that are being models and the interactions that occur amongst the entities
 - » Parse and reason about the descriptive information found in the platform-independent descriptions to auto-generate the integration and execution control code

Ontology Language for Entity/ Model Relationships



- **An ontology defines a set of representational primitives that can be applied to model a domain of knowledge or discourse.**
- **OWL = Web Ontology Language**
- **The principal technologies of the Semantic Web fit into a set of layered specifications: RDF Core Model, RDF Schema Language, OWL**
- **Semantic Web languages use XML syntax**
- **OWL vocabulary includes a set of XML elements and attributes with well defined meanings**
 - Used to describe domain terms and their relationships in an ontology
 - OWL vocabulary is built on top of the RDF(S) vocabulary
 - Has a richness for describing relations among classes, properties, and individuals

Apply OWL/RDF(S) to describe the relationships between the entities of a simulation and the models that represent them

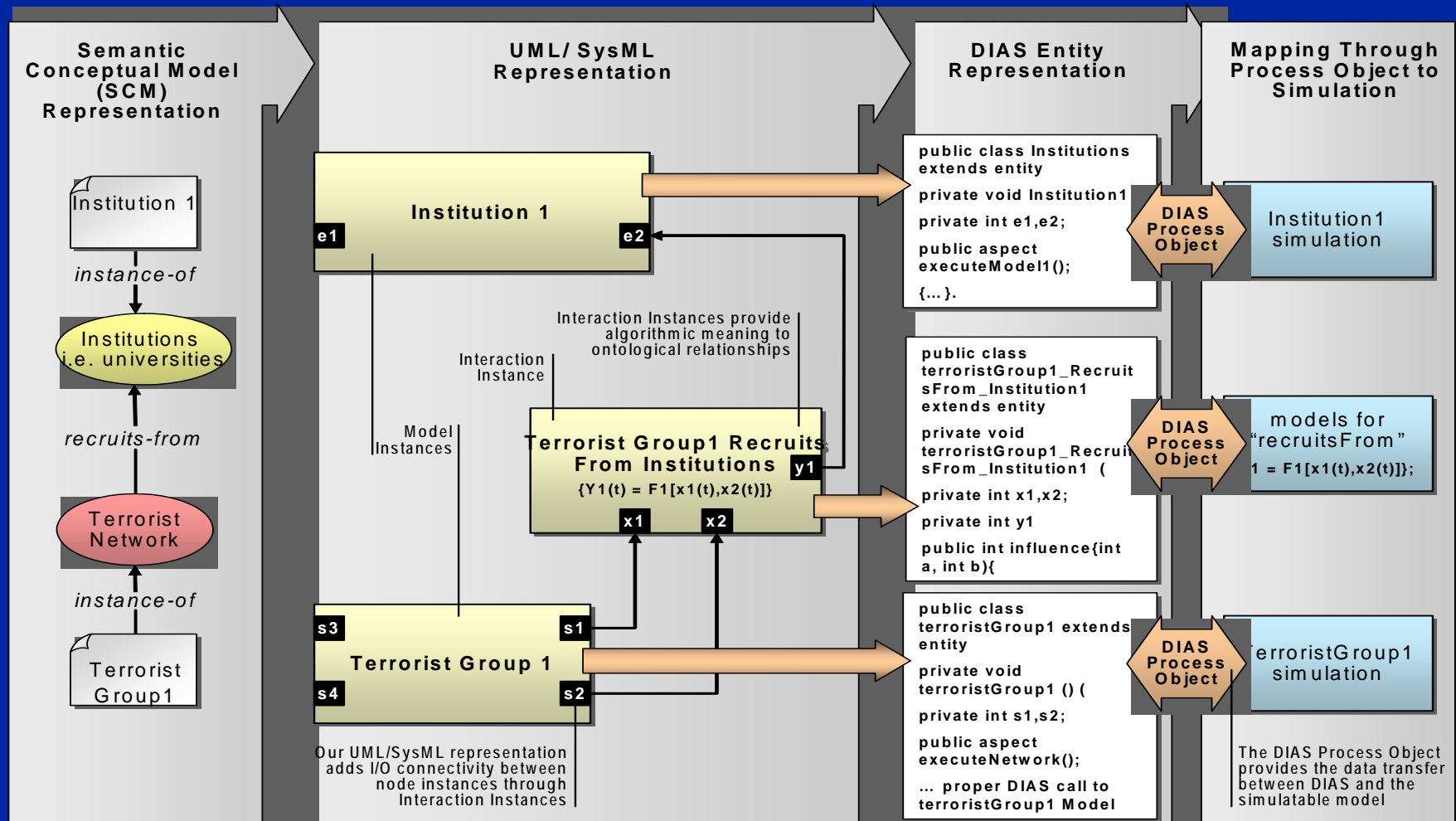
UML/SysML for Integrated Model Interactions



- **SysML is a visual modeling language for system engineering**
- **SysML extends, and is compatible with, the Unified Modeling Language (UML) for software engineering**
- **SysML reuses UML2 diagrams for**
 - Use Case Diagram
 - State Machine Diagram
 - Interaction (Sequence) Diagram
- **SysML extends the following UML2 diagrams**
 - Block Definition Diagram (based on UML2 Class Diagram)
 - Internal Block Diagram (based on UML2 Composite Structure Diagram)
 - Activity Diagram (based on UML2 Activity Diagram)
- **Adds the following diagrams**
 - Requirements
 - Parametric Constraint

Use SysML constructs to capture data flow and interactions between the models

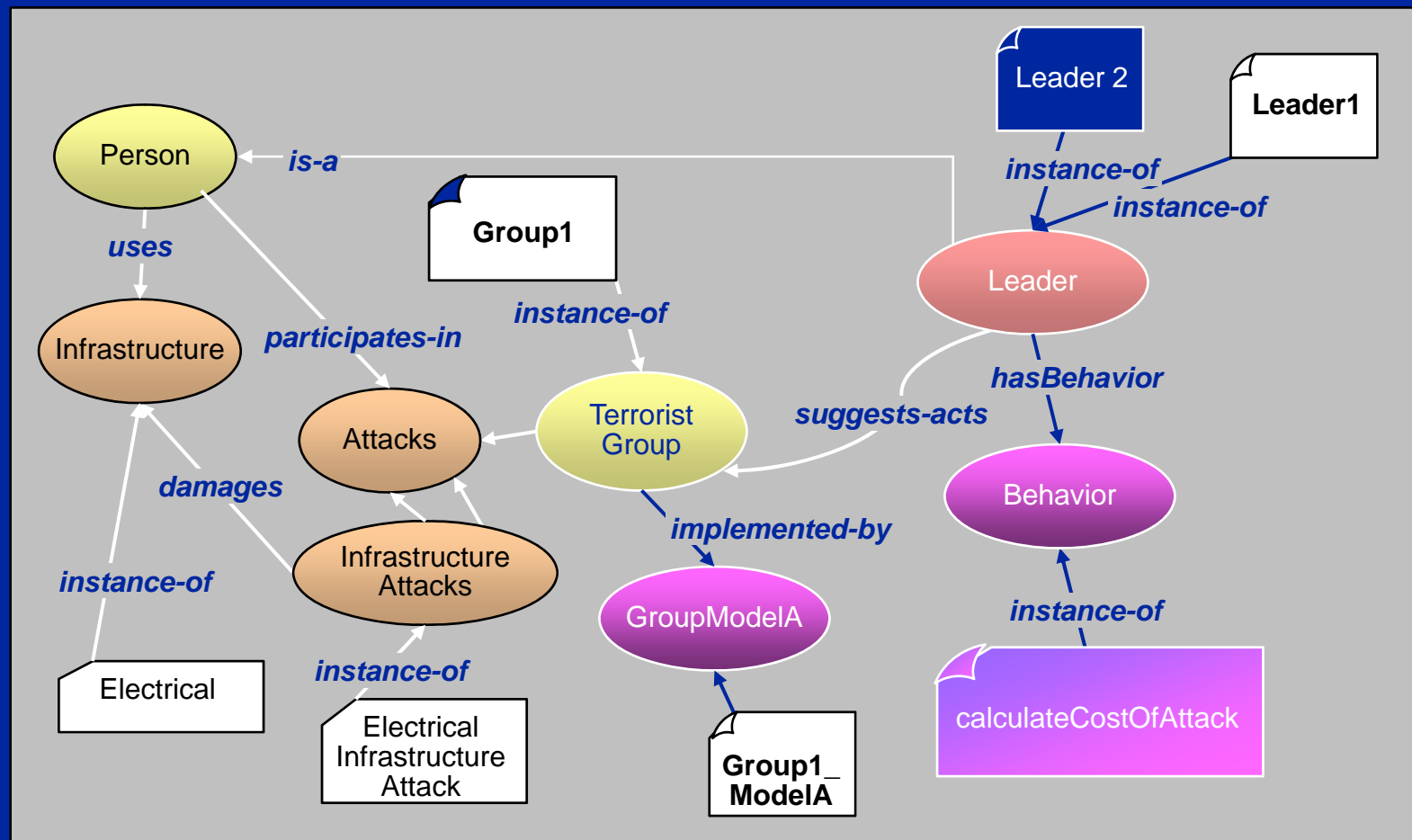
Integration Assistant for Simulation Instantiation



SimS combines ontological, structural, and behavioral representations of models to enable autocode assisted integration

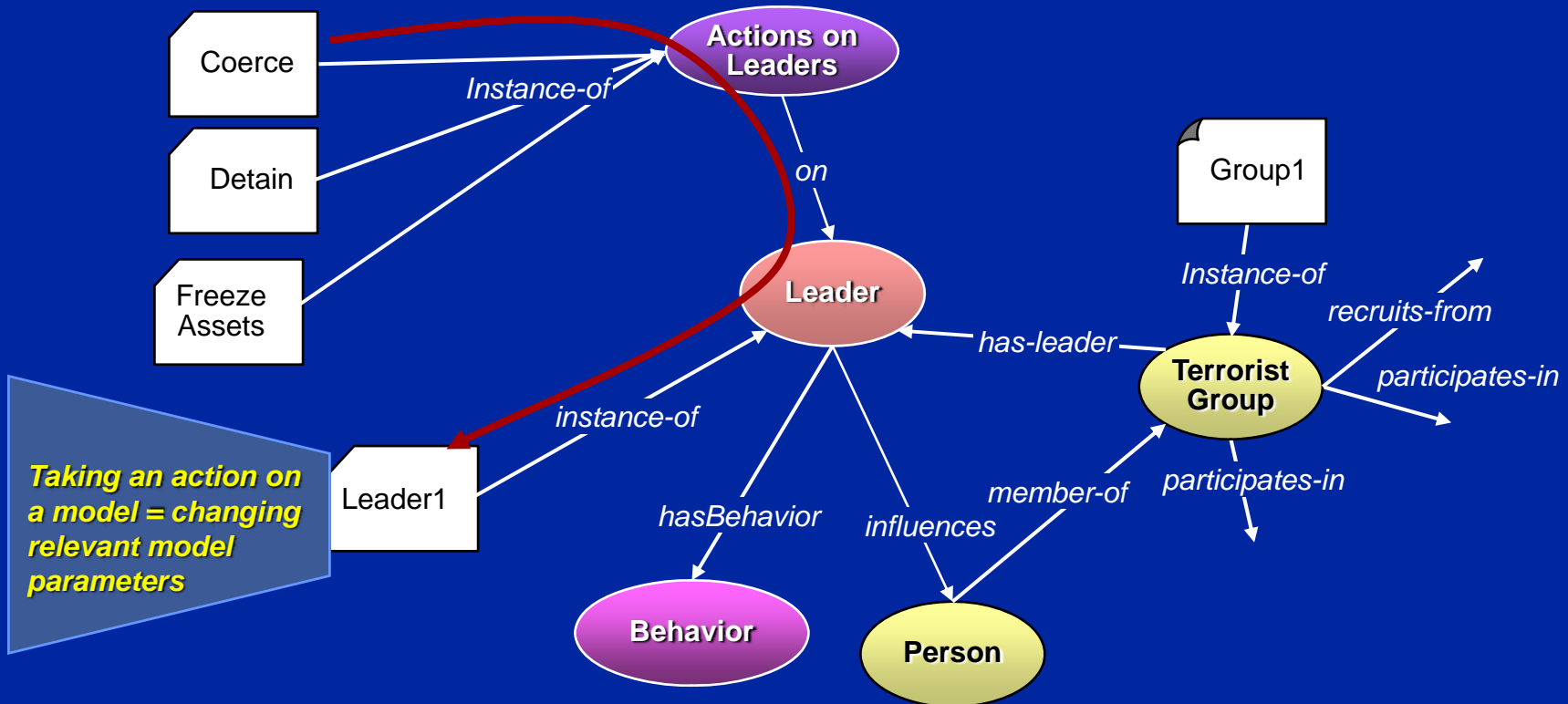
Semantic Conceptual Model

Example PIM



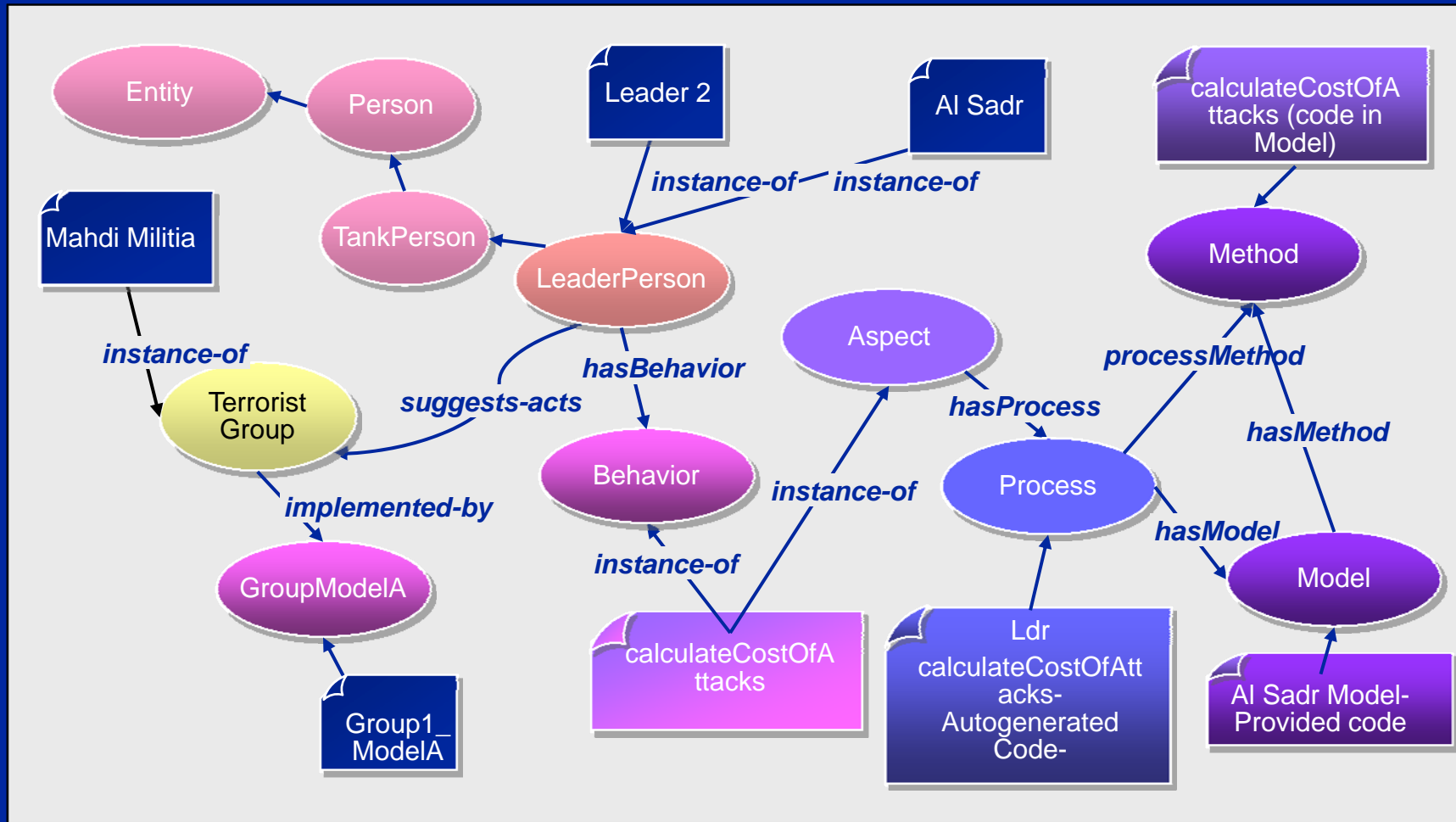
Our **Simulatable Scenario (SimS)** Enables Mapping of Semantic Models to Simulation Experiments

Conceptual Models with Actions

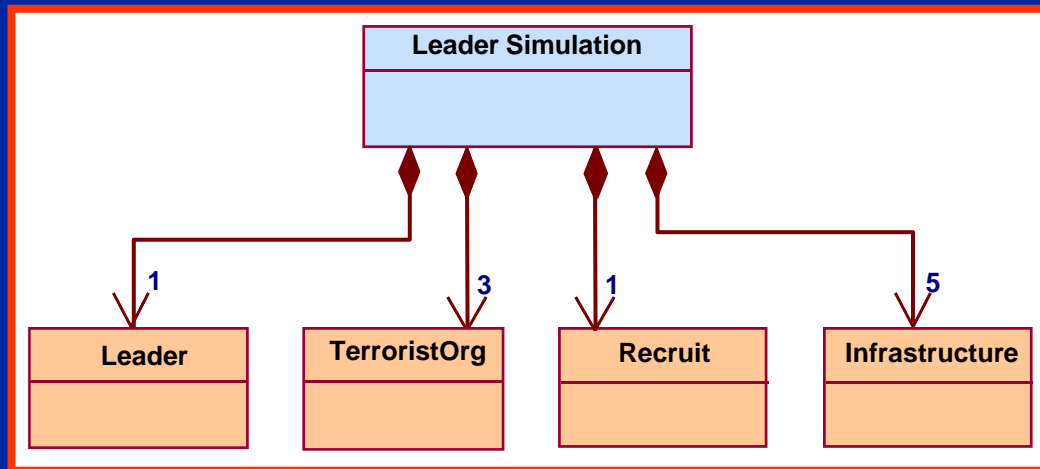


The conceptual model takes on new dimensions
to support autocoding requirements

PIM-PSM Model Relationship



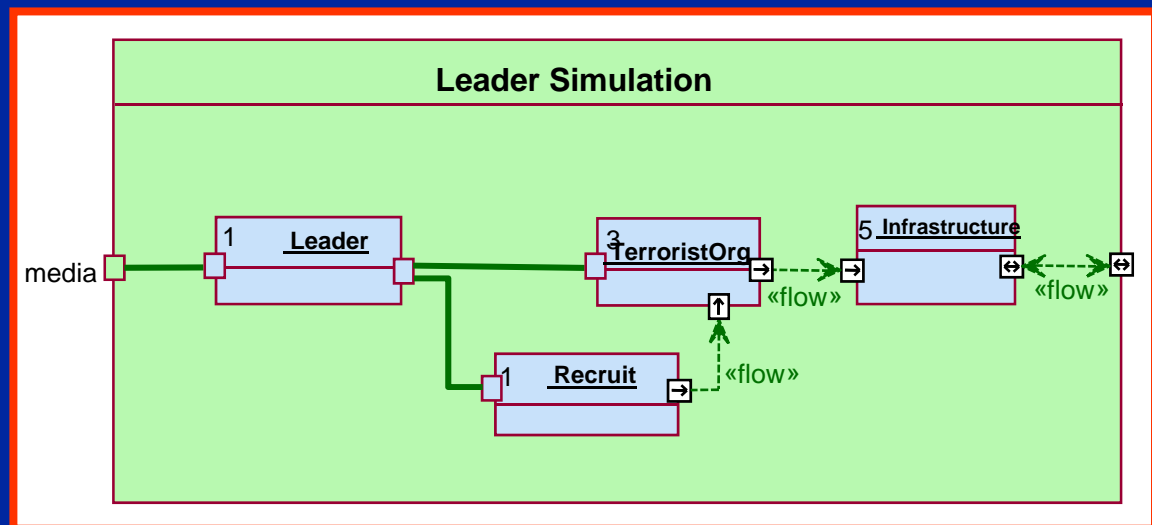
SysML Structural Models; Relationships and Data Flow



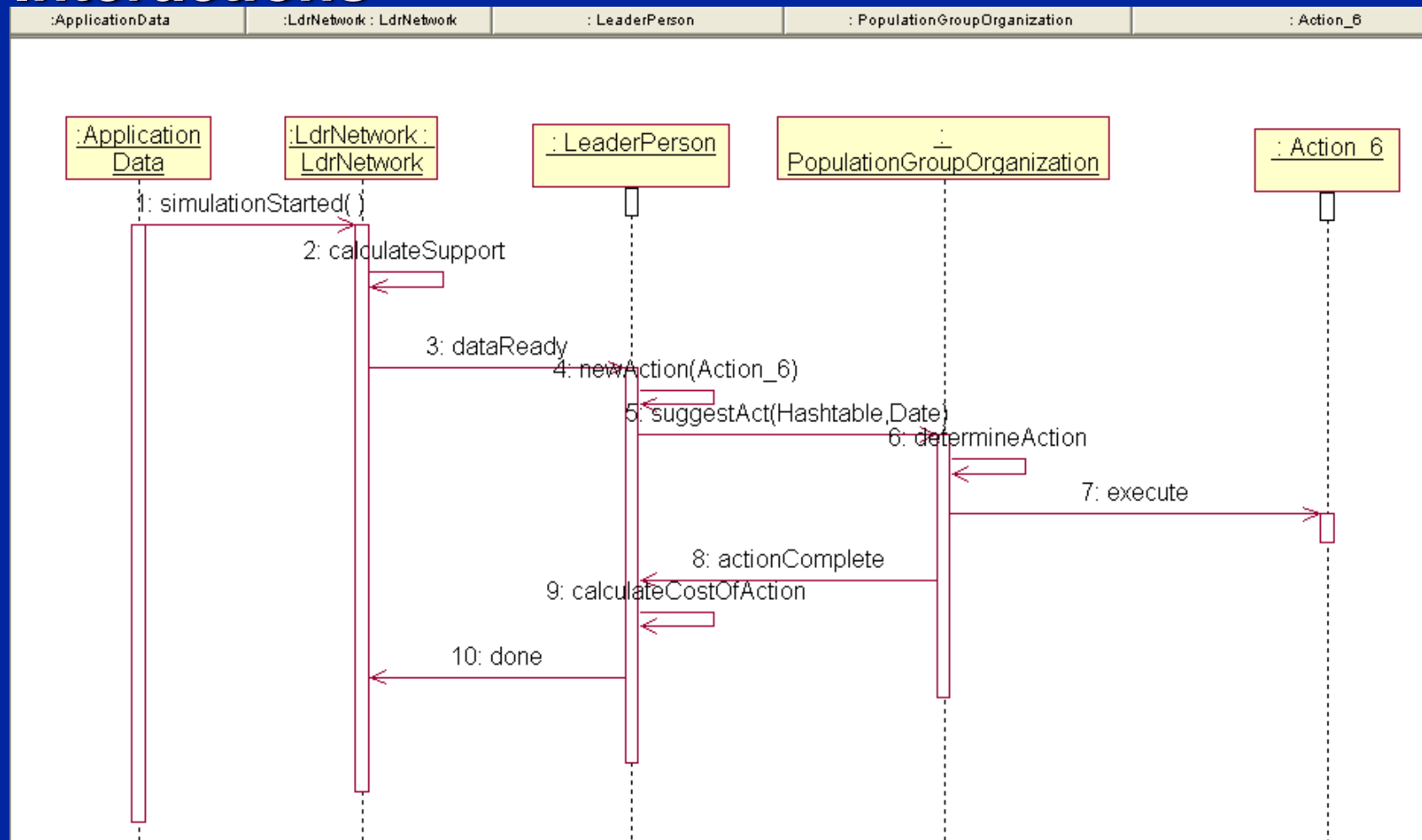
SysML Block Definition Diagram (BDD) is used to capture the components of the composable simulation.

The BDD can also be used to visualize the entity and model relationships that are now captured as Ontology Networks.

Use the Internal Block Diagram (IBD) to capture the flow of data and messages between the entity models.

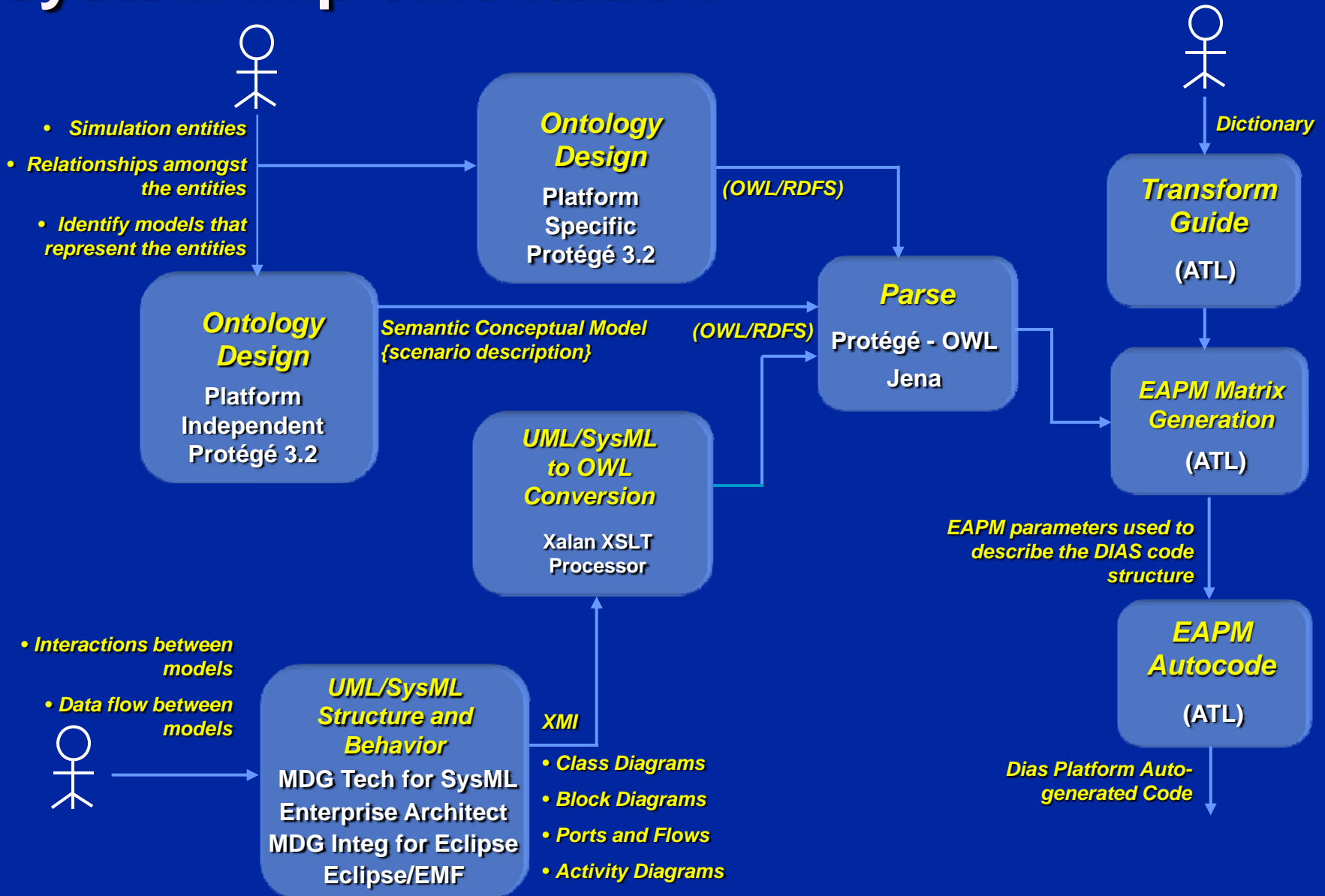


Integrated Model Sequence Diagram; Entity Interactions

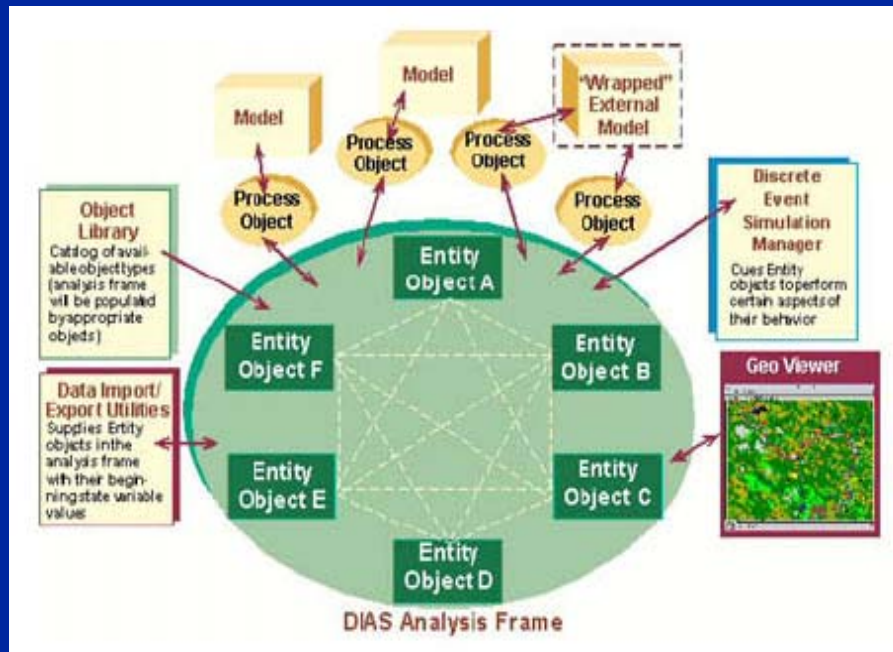


After importing ontology into SysML tool, Sequence Diagram data is used to provide information on execution flow and event generation

System Implementation



DIAS Architecture Representing Simulation Platform



- **DIAS (Dynamic Information Architecture System: Argonne National Laboratory)**
 - Uses the “EAPM” to define how the models are integrated
- **Entities: People places or things to be modeled**
- **Aspects: Specific behaviors of the Entities**
- **Process: Linkage of a behavior to a particular model**
- **Model: Code that communicates and runs a model**

There is great regularity to the EAPM structure that is very amenable to autocoding

Ontology Capture of Entity/Model Relationships with Protégé-OWL



travel Protégé 3.1 (file:K:\protege-owl\owl\travel.pprj, OWL Files (.owl or .rdf))

File Edit Project OWL Code Window Tools Help

OWLClasses Properties Forms Individuals Metadata

SUBCLASS RELATIONSHIP

For Project: travel

Asserted Hierarchy

- owl:Thing
 - Accommodation
 - BedAndBreakfast
 - BudgetAccommodation
 - Campground
 - Hotel
 - AccommodationRating
 - Activity
 - Contact
 - Destination
 - BackpackersDestination
 - Beach
 - BudgetHotelDestination
 - FamilyDestination**
 - QuietDestination
 - RetireeDestination
 - RuralArea
 - UrbanArea
 - City
 - Town

CLASS EDITOR

For Class: FamilyDestination (instance of owl:Class)

Name: FamilyDestination

SameAs: DifferentFrom:

Annotations

Property	Value	Lang
rdfs:comment	A destination with at least one accommodation and at least 2 activities.	

Asserted **Inferred**

Asserted Conditions

Destination — NECESSARY & SUFFICIENT

- hasAccommodation ≥ 1
- hasActivity ≥ 2

— NECESSARY

Properties

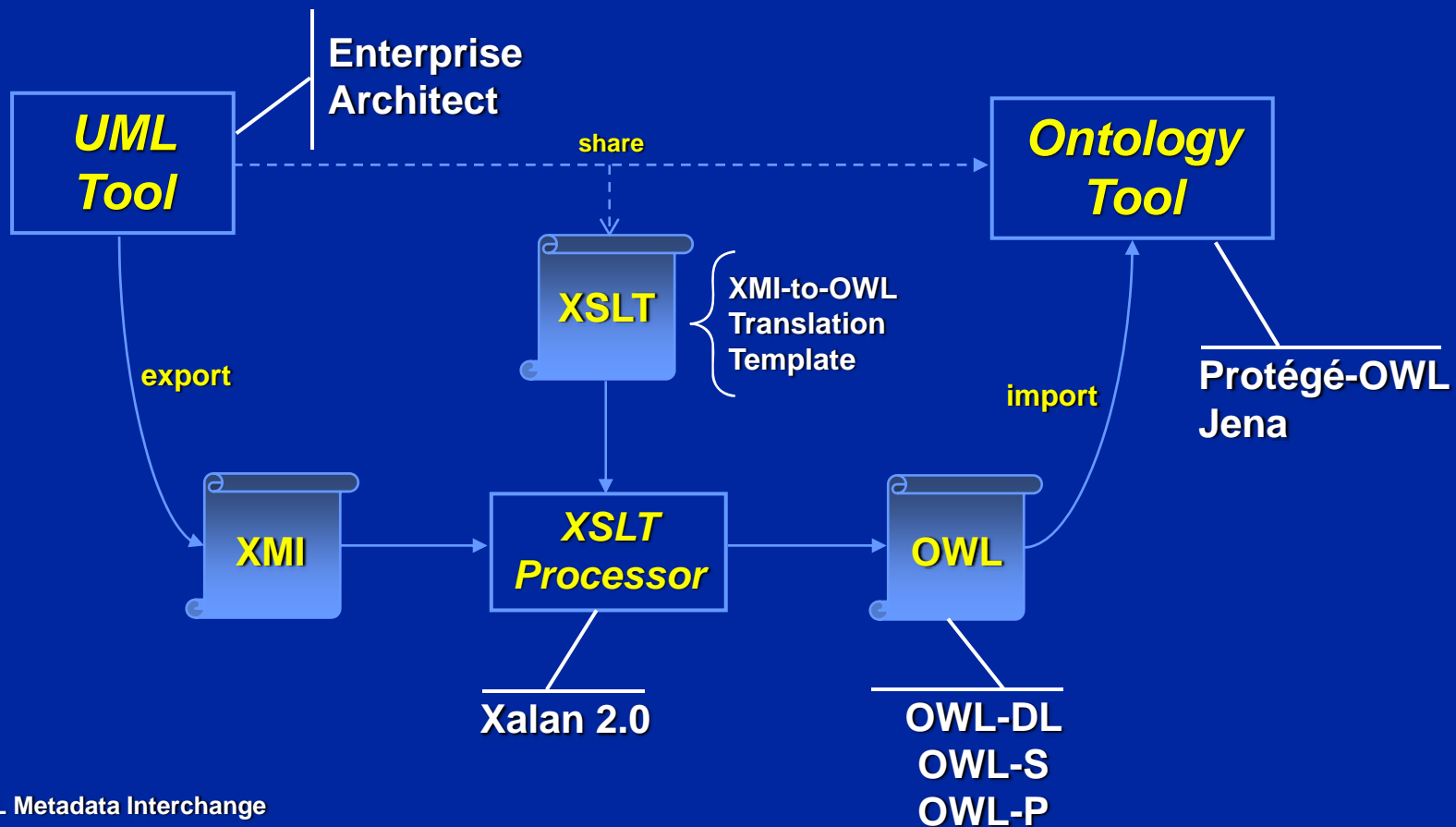
- hasAccommodation (multiple Accommodation) ≥ 1
- hasActivity (multiple Activity) ≥ 2
- hasPart (multiple Destination)

Disjoints

- RetireeDestination

Logic View Properties View

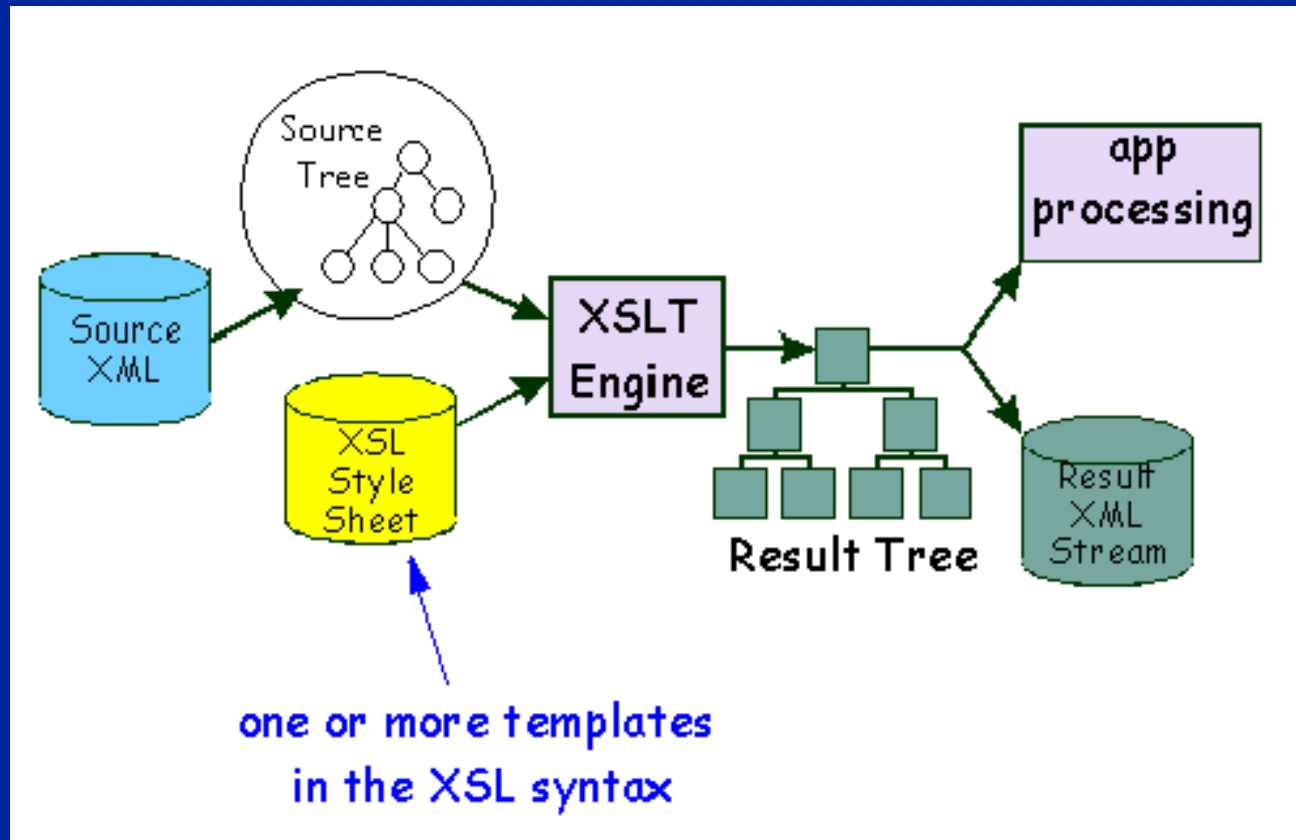
Transform UML to OWL in order to Extract Interaction Info



XMI – XML Metadata Interchange

XSLT – Extensible Stylesheet Language Transformations

Xalan 2.0; Used to Translate from XML to OWL-S



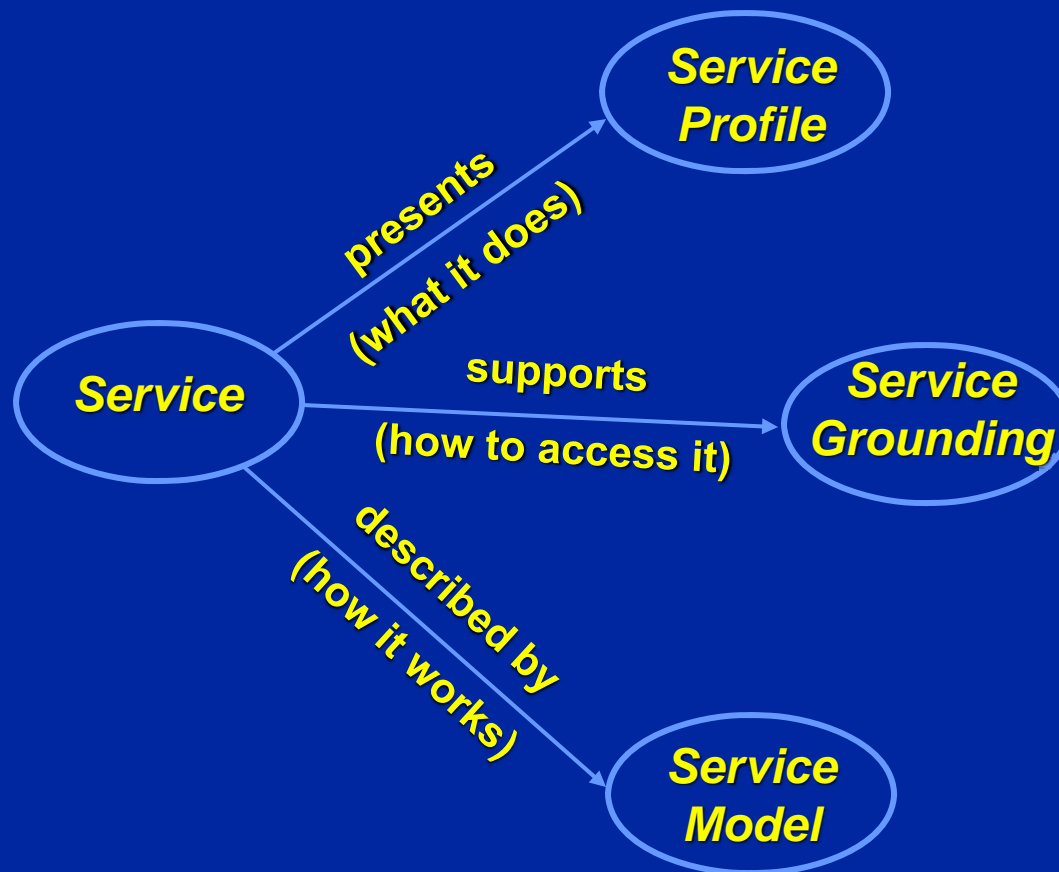
Example of XMI-to-OWL-S Translation Template



UML	XMI	OWL-S
Action	<UML2:Activity>	Process
Pin	<UML2:InputPin>	Input
Pin	<UML2:OutputPin>	Output
Pin to Pin	<UML2:ActivityEdge>	(In/Out)put Binding
Tagged Value	<UML:TaggedValue> <UML:Stereotype name='categoryName'>	categoryName
Tagged Value	<UML:TaggedValue> <UML:Stereotype name='taxonomy'>	taxonomy
Tagged Value	<UML:TaggedValue> <UML:Stereotype name='serviceName'>	serviceName
Tagged Value	<UML:TaggedValue> <UML:Stereotype name='textDescription'>	textDescription
Constraint	<UML:Constraint> <UML:Stereotype name='preCondition'>	Precondition
Constraint	<UML:Constraint> <UML:Stereotype name='Result'>	Result
Constraint	<UML:Constraint> <UML:Stereotype name='Effect'>	Effect
Sequence	<UML2:ActivityEdge>	Sequence
Fork	<UML2:ForkNode>	Split
Fork-Join	<UML2:ForkNode> <UML2:JoinNode>	Split+Join
Decision	<UML2:DecisionNode> <UML:Stereotype name='Choice'>	Choice
Decision	<UML2:DecisionNode> <UML:Stereotype name='If-Then-Else'>	If-Then-Else
Decision	<UML2:DecisionNode> <UML:Stereotype name='Repeat-Until'>	Repeat-Until
Decision	<UML2:DecisionNode> <UML:Stereotype name='Repeat-While'>	Repeat-While
Operation	<UML2:Message>	Process
Synchronous	<UML2:Message messageSort='synchronCall'>	Sequence
Asynchronous	<UML2:Message messageSort='asynchronCall'>	
Interaction Fragment(alt)	<UML2:CombinedFragment interactionOperator = 'alt'> <UML:Stereotype name='If-Then-Else'>	If-Then-Else
	<UML2:CombinedFragment interactionOperator = 'alt'> <UML:Stereotype name='Choice'>	Choice
Interaction Fragment(loop)	<UML2:CombinedFragment interactionOperator = 'loop'> <UML:Stereotype name='Repeat-While'>	Repeat-While
	<UML2:CombinedFragment interactionOperator = 'loop'> <UML:Stereotype name='Repeat-Until'>	Repeat-Until
Interaction Fragment(par)	<UML2:CombinedFragment interactionOperator = 'par'> <UML:Stereotype name='Split+Join'>	Split+Join
	<UML2:CombinedFragment interactionOperator = 'par'> <UML:Stereotype name='Any-Order'>	Any-Order

Example is taken from “Describing Semantic Web Services: From UML to OWL-S”, Kim and Lee, 2007 IEEE International Conference on Web Services

OWL Service Ontology



EAPM Generator: Entity Interface

Welcome to the "EAPM Generator" application!

DIAS EAPM Generator
EAPM (E: Entity | A: Aspect | P: Process | M: Model)

Simulation Name:

Package Name:

Entity Information | Process Information | Model Information

** Use comma to separate multiple entries*

Entity Name:

Enable COA participation? ☐ Yes ☒ No

*Attribute(s):

*Aspect(s):

EVENTS

*Emit:

*Receive:

*Data:

*Handler: *Enter: handler or handler:aspect1:aspect2*

*Scheduled: *Enter: ScheduledEvent:EventHandler*

Enter the number of Processes this Entity will exercise:

Next **Clear** **Exit**

Information displayed (extracted from the UML/SysML) for an Entity:

1. Name
2. COA name, if part of one
3. Attributes (or parameters)
4. Aspects (or behaviors)
5. Events emitted (or sent)
6. Events received
7. Event data name
8. Event handlers
9. Events scheduled
10. Number of associated processes

"Next" Button:

- Once the user fills the form and presses "Next," the entity ".java" code will be auto-generated under the indicated package name directory structure

EAPM Generator: Process Interface

Welcome to the "EAPM Generator" application!

DIAS EAPM Generator
EAPM (E: Entity | A: Aspect | P: Process | M: Model)

Simulation Name:

Package Name:

Entity Information | **Process Information** | Model Information

* Use comma to separate multiple entries

Process Name:

*Input(s): *Enter Process input parameters;
to map them to an Entity type: param:Entity*

*Output(s): *Enter Process output parameters;
to map them to an Entity type: param:Entity*

Next Clear Exit

Information displayed (extracted from the UML/SysML) for a Process:

1. Name
2. Input parameters
3. Output parameters

"Next" Button:

- Once the user fills the form and presses "Next," the process ".java" code will be auto-generated under the indicated package name directory structure

EAPM Generator: Model



Welcome to the "EAPM Generator" application!

DIAS EAPM Generator
EAPM (E: Entity | A: Aspect | P: Process | M: Model)

Simulation Name:

Package Name:

Entity Information Process Information **Model Information**

** Use comma to separate multiple entries*

Model Name:

Model Type: ☒ Internal ☐ External

*Method(s):

Information displayed (extracted from the UML/SysML Model:

1. Name
2. Is the model Internal or External?
3. Model method of interest

"Next" Button:

- Once the user fills the form and presses "Next," the model ".java" code will be auto-generated under the indicated package name directory structure

Products



- **Platform Independent Model (PIM) Related**

- **OWL and SySML**

- » Conceptual Model augmented with behaviors, actions and effects
 - » Model Integration Design Capture Process
 - » OWL to SySML Translation Processes
 - » Approach to capturing COA (action, node, effect triple plus temporal aspects)

- **Simulation Experimentation Related**

- **“EAPM Generator”: Simulation skeleton auto-coding tool and COA definition (OWL/SySML to DIAS translation)**
 - **“What-If” Experimentation User Interface**

